

GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC

UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION REPORT GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STR 12006







SUBMITTED TO:

WAYNE COUNTY

SUBMITTED BY: GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP NOVEMBER 9, 2021 GLEG FILE NO: 1020-2-704

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Grosse Ile Parkway over Trenton Channel is a twelve -span moveable swing bridge with a steel superstructure. The bridge is located in Wayne County, Michigan. The original structure was built around 1873 as a railroad crossing and was converted to carry vehicular traffic in 1932. The structure carries two lanes of two-way traffic and is 1,346 feet in length. All eleven pier units (piers 1w-11w) are submerged in the channel. The bridge has undergone numerous repair projects throughout its lifespan, and most recently was closed to traffic while extensive pier repairs were performed at piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, 9w, and 10w. Pier repair verification dives were performed during the project, and these reports are available as separate documents.



STR 12006 Grosse Ile Parkway over Trenton Channel Wayne County

Piers 1w through 11w were subject to underwater inspection on November 9-10, 2021 while the structure remained closed to vehicular traffic due to the pier repair project and ongoing superstructure repairs. The pier repair and superstructure repair projects were overseen by HNTB, Michigan on behalf of Wayne County. Coordination was required to ensure contractor equipment and operations did not impact the safety of the dive team or contractor personnel. Power to the swing span pier was turned off due the ongoing construction projects. The dive team performed the underwater inspection under the contractor's United States Coast Guard permits.

The pier units are comprised of a mixture of three different design types. Piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, and 10w are the original structure pier units. The upper portions of the even numbered piers are constructed of reinforced concrete and were originally built upon timber cribbing with a loose rock infill. Piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, and 10w underwent major repairs during the second half of 2021 due to an extensive loss of the rock infill within the timber cribbing and deterioration of the timber cribbing. The repairs consisted of installing FP-475 vinyl or 6" rib-16 ga. sheet piling on the exterior of the timber cribbing which was secured with steel C5x9 walers. Grout filled bags were installed along the channel bottom at the bottom of the vinyl sheeting / channel bottom interface to anchor the stay-in-place formwork vertically and horizontally. The interior of the timber cribbing was then backfilled with grout using underwater injection methods. Steel ice breakers were installed at the upstream (north) ends of the even numbered piers during the repair project. Surface repairs were also performed at the even numbered piers.

Piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w and 11w are constructed of reinforced concrete and are founded on reinforced concrete footings of varying thickness. These piers were added between the original piers at the time the structure was converted to a vehicular crossing in 1932. The footings at these piers rest on limestone bedrock according to original plans. Pier 9w is original to the 1873 design and is the swing / pivot span for the navigable channel. The pier consists of a large reinforced concrete cap supported by timber cribbing with loose rock infill. Pier 9w was also subject to the same pier repairs as the even numbered piers. Pier 9w has a timber cribbing pier protection system that extends upstream and downstream of the pier.

Based on the underwater inspection the piers are overall in **fair to poor condition**. The odd numbered piers (1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w) are in **poor condition**. Vertical footing exposure ranging from 1'-2" minimum to 10'-6" maximum was observed at these piers. Although these piers are founded on bedrock, the footing exposure is an area of concern and should be continued to be monitored at increased frequency. Piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w also exhibit extensive deterioration both above and below the waterline. Areas of spalling, delamination, 1/2" to 4" deep scaling, vertical and horizontal cracking, and map cracking is present above and below the waterline at these piers.

The even numbered piers (2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, and 10w) are in **fair condition**. Extensive underwater repairs were performed at these piers during the second half of 2021. The previous loss of rock infill and deteriorated timber cribbing has been repaired with a combination of grout bags, vinyl and steel stay-in-place sheeting forms, steel walers, and pressure injected grout fill. Although these piers have been repaired, they should continue to be monitored for movement / settlement or degradation of the pier repairs and/or streambed. Piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, and 10w also exhibit deterioration above the waterline consisting of spalling, delamination, map cracking, and vertical and horizontal cracking.

Pier 9w is in **fair to poor condition**. The structural portion of pier 9w received the same repairs as the even numbered piers, however steel sheeting was used as the formwork. The swing / pivot portion of pier 9w is in **fair condition**. The previous deterioration of the timber cribbing and loss of rock infill has been repaired with the same procedures detailed in the paragraph above. The previous deterioration above the waterline at pier 9w has been repaired.

The timber cribbing pier protection system at pier 9w is in **poor condition**. The purpose of the system is to protect the bridge from impacts by vessels and also to identify the navigable channel. The protection system has the visual appearance of sinking, especially at the north end (upstream end). During the 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2017 underwater inspections, water levels have been higher than in older inspections. The high water levels contribute to the sinking appearance, however the extensive deterioration of the pier protection cribbing below water, and failed previous repairs are contributing to the settlement of the pier protection system.

The following are recommendations for STR 12006 as a result of the underwater inspection:

- Adjust underwater inspection frequency to bring 2022 inspection into the months of June, July, August, or September of 2022; then set frequency to 24 months thereafter.
- Continue to survey pier elevations at 4 locations of each pier and monitor by a licensed surveyor or engineer to check for settlement.
- Perform substructure repairs (concrete patching, epoxy injection of cracks) at piers 1w, 2w, 3w, 4w, 5w, 6w, 7w, 8w, 10w, and 11w.
- Replace or retrofit the pier protection system at pier 9w, both the north and south ends.
- Fill the voids between the timber sheeting and channel bottom at Pier 9W, northwest corner.

Proposed NBI ratings based on underwater inspection only			
Item	Current NBI Rating	Proposed NBI Rating (based on UW insp.)	
BSIR #17 (Scour Inspection)	4	4	
SIA #60 (Substructure)	5	5	
SIA #61 (Channel)	7	7	
SIA #71 (Waterway Adequacy)	8	8	
SIA #111 (Navigation Protection)	2	3	
SIA #113 (Scour Criticality)	4	4	

According to National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS), it is recommended that the substructure units of STR 12006 be inspected underwater at an increased frequency not to exceed 24 months.





GENERAL SITE PROCEDURES

QUALIFIED TEAM

The team performing the underwater inspection is qualified in accordance with the National Bridge Inspection Standards 23 CFR Part 650.309. The underwater inspection was conducted by a four-person team consisting of a Professional Engineer Dive Team Leader/Qualified Dive Inspector/Qualified Team Leader (Casey Collings, P.E.), a Qualified Dive Inspector/Qualified Team Leader (Matt Davis), a Diving Safety Supervisor (Paul Davis), and a Dive Tender (Brian Hebden, P.E.).

EQUIPMENT

The inspection was conducted using Self-Contained Underwater Breathing Apparatus (SCUBA). The inspection team accessed the bridge and worked from an 18-foot Dive Safety Boat. Twoway wired communications were used to convey inspection notes from the diver to the topside team leader and recorded on note sheets. Additional equipment consisted of an underwater digital camera, underwater video camera, LED high intensity submersible dive light, dive knife, scraper, 4' probing rod, 25' and 50' survey rods, and a side imaging sonar unit.

LEVEL OF INSPECTION

The Level I underwater inspection consisted of a close visual and tactile examination using large sweeping motions of the hands where visibility was limited. A Level II inspection was performed on 10% of the submerged substructure units. The inspection was conducted over the total exterior surface of each underwater substructure unit. Probing along the mud line was also done along each substructure unit and the adjacent streambed. Upstream and downstream cross sections were taken and recorded using an established benchmark.

APPROVALS

This bridge falls under the jurisdiction of the United States Coast Guard (USCG). Approval was required to perform the underwater inspection. The dive team performed the underwater inspection under the contractor's United States Coast Guard permits.

FIELD INSPECTION FINDINGS

Grosse Ile Parkway over Trenton Channel is a twelve-span moveable swing bridge with a steel superstructure. The bridge is located in Wayne County, Michigan. The original structure was built around 1873 as a railroad crossing and was converted to carry vehicular traffic in 1932. The structure carries two lanes of two-way traffic and is 1,346 feet in length. All eleven pier units (piers 1w-11w) are submerged in the channel. The bridge has undergone numerous repair projects throughout its lifespan, and most recently was closed to traffic while extensive pier repairs were performed at piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, 9w, and 10w. Pier repair verification dives were performed during the project, and these reports are available as separate documents. Piers 1w through 11w were subject to underwater inspection on November 9-10, 2021.

Substructure Unit	Observations Below the Waterline	Observations Above the Water- line
Pier 1w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Vertical footing exposure on all sides of pier. Maximum vertical exposure was 7'-9" inches along the east side of pier. No undermining of footing observed. 5' tall band of 1/2" deep scaling of the concrete starting at the waterline. Scaling surrounds perimeter of pier. 2 sft spall in the east face of pier, located approximately 4' below waterline. Horizonal crack in the exposed footing at the southeast end. Deep scaling of concrete on the exposed footing at the south (downstream) end, scaling 1" to 2" deep. Full height vertical cracks in west and east elevations of pier, extending from the bolster area down to the top of footing. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1" thick. Channel bottom consists of sand and scattered rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 West elevation: 12 sft and 6 sft delamination in bolster area. Vertical and horizontal cracking in pier face. East elevation: 24 sft and 4 sft spalls in bolster area. 16 sft and 6 sft spalls in pier face. Vertical and horizontal cracks in pier face and bolster area.

The overall condition of the submerged substructure is **fair to poor**. Below is a summary of the field site observations for the various components of the underwater inspection.

Continued on next page

Substructure Unit	Observations Below the Waterline	Observations Above the Water- line
Pier 2w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Repairs made to previous timber cribbing deterioration and loss of rock infill. FP-475 vinyl sheeting surrounds pier (used as stay-in-place formwork). C5x9 steel walers spaced at 2'-0" vertical spacing securing formwork. Grout backfill inside vinyl formwork. Steel ice breaker plate at upstream end, extending 5' below waterline. Smaller ice steel ice breaker plate extends to channel bottom. Grout bags along channel bottom. 2 sft spall in west pier face just below waterline. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1/16" thick. Channel bottom consists of grout bags, sand and rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 South end: 5 sft spall and 25 sft area of map cracking. West elevation: 2 sft spall w/ exp steel and 3 sft spall. 8 sft delamination and 1 sft delamination. Vertical cracking in pier face. East elevation: 60 sft spall w/ exp steel. 2 sft delamination. Vertical crack in pier face.
Pier 3w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Vertical footing exposure on all sides of pier. Maximum vertical exposure was 6'-10" inches along the north end of pier. No undermining of footing observed. 3 sft spall at south end, extends below and above waterline. 2' tall band of 2" to 4" deep scaling in the pier wall starting at the top of footing and extending up 2'. Scaling surrounds perimeter of pier. 1" to 2" deep scaling at north end of pier, extending approximately 4' below waterline. Horizonal cracks in the exposed footing along the west elevation, east elevation, and north end. Full height vertical cracks in west and east elevations of pier, extending from the bolster area down to the top of footing. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1" thick. Channel bottom consists of sand and scattered rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 South end: 3 sft spall extends above and below waterline. West elevation: 3 sft delamination in bolster area. Vertical and horizontal cracking in pier face. East elevation: 4 sft spall in bolster area. Vertical and horizontal cracks in pier face.

Substructure Unit	Observations Below the Waterline	Observations Above the Water- line
Pier 4w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Repairs made to previous timber cribbing deterioration and loss of rock infill. FP-475 vinyl sheeting surrounds pier (used as stay-in-place formwork). C5x9 steel walers spaced at 2'-0" vertical spacing securing formwork. Grout backfill inside vinyl formwork. Steel ice breaker plate at upstream end, extending 5' below waterline. Smaller ice steel ice breaker plate extends to channel bottom. Grout bags along channel bottom. 10 sft spall at south end starting at waterline and extending 2' below waterline. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1/16" thick. Channel bottom consists of grout bags, sand and rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 South end: 25 sft area of map cracking. West elevation: 6 sft spall at south end. Vertical cracking in pier face. East elevation: Vertical cracks in pier face.
Pier 5w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Vertical footing exposure on all sides of pier. Maximum vertical exposure was 9'-1" inches along the west elevation and at north end of pier. No undermining of footing observed. 4 sft spall in footing at southwest corner. 1/8" wide horizontal and vertical cracks in footing along west and east elevations. 4' tall band of 2" to 3" deep scaling of the concrete below and above waterline. Scaling surrounds perimeter of pier. Vertical and horizontal cracks in west and east elevations of pier. 50 sft area of map cracking in west elevation of pier wall extends partially below waterline. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1" thick. Channel bottom consists of sand and scattered rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 West elevation: 18 sft and 12 sft spalls in pier wall. 50 sft area of map cracking extends partially below waterline. 4 sft spall in bolster area. Con- crete patch in bolster area. Vertical and horizontal crack- ing in pier wall. East elevation: 2 sft spall in bolster area. 30 sft and 6 sft areas of map cracking in pier wall. Vertical and horizontal cracks in pier face. Concrete patches in bolster area. 4' tall band of 2" to 3" deep scaling of concrete above and below waterline. Scaling sur- rounds perimeter of pier.

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Substructure Unit	Observations Below the Waterline	Observations Above the Water- line
Pier 6w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Repairs made to previous timber cribbing deterioration and loss of rock infill. FP-475 vinyl sheeting surrounds pier (used as stay-in-place formwork). C5x9 steel walers spaced at 2'-0" vertical spacing securing formwork. Grout backfill inside vinyl formwork. Steel ice breaker plate at upstream end, extending 5' below waterline. Smaller ice steel ice breaker plate extends to channel bottom. Grout bags along channel bottom. Areas of spalling on all sides just below waterline. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1/16" thick. Channel bottom consists of grout bags, sand and scattered rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 South end: 4 sft spall, 50% extends below waterline. North end: 8 sft spall, 25% extends below waterline. West elevation: 3 sft spall, 50% extends below waterline. Vertical and horizontal cracking in pier face. East elevation: 8 sft spall, 30% extends below waterline. Vertical crack in pier face.
Pier 7w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Vertical footing exposure on all sides of pier. Maximum vertical exposure was 8'-10" inches at the north end of pier. No undermining of footing observed. 1/8" wide horizontal cracks in footing along west and east elevations. 4 sft spall in pier wall in east elevation at south end. 32 sft spall in east elevation extends 50% above waterline. 1' tall band of 2" to 4" deep scaling on exposed footing. Scaling starts at top of footing and extends down 1'. Scaling surrounds perimeter of pier. 3' tall band of 2" deep scaling of the concrete in pier wall. Scaling starts at top of footing and extends up 3'. Scaling surrounds perimeter of pier. Vertical cracks in west and east elevations of pier. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1" thick. Channel bottom consists of sand and scattered rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 West elevation: 12 sft and 2 sft spalls in bolster area. Ver- tical and horizontal cracking in pier wall. East elevation: 8 sft spall in bolster area. 18 sft and 32 sft spalls in pier wall. 32 sft spall extends 50% below waterline. Vertical and horizontal cracks in pier face.

Substructure Unit	Observations Below the Waterline	Observations Above the Water- line
Pier 8w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Repairs made to previous timber cribbing deterioration and loss of rock infill. 6" rib-16 ga. steel sheeting surrounds pier (used as stay-in-place formwork). C5x9 steel walers spaced at 2'-0" vertical spacing securing formwork. Grout backfill inside vinyl formwork. Steel ice breaker plate at upstream end, extending 5' below waterline. Smaller ice steel ice breaker plate extends to channel bottom. Grout bags along channel bottom. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1/16" thick. Channel bottom consists of grout bags, sand and scattered rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 West elevation: 2 sft delamination in bolster area. 14 sft and 1 sft delaminated area in pier wall. Vertical crack in pier wall. East elevation: Vertical cracks in pier wall and bolster area.
Pier 9w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Repairs made to previous timber cribbing, plywood sheeting, grout repair deterioration and loss of rock infill. 6" rib-16 ga. steel sheeting on west and east elevations of pier (used as stay-inplace formwork). C5x9 steel walers spaced at 2'-0" vertical spacing securing formwork. Grout backfill inside steel formwork. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1/16" thick. Channel bottom consists of sand and scattered rocks 1' to 4' in diameter. 	 Repairs (concrete patches) made to previous spalled and delaminated areas on the pivot portion of the pier.
Pier 9w - Pier Protection System (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Vertical timbers at upstream (north) end of pier have shifted, some have fallen onto channel bottom. Horizontal timbers in southwest corner of cribbing have come loose and are unstable. Fluctuations in the channel bottom have created gaps below the exterior plywood along both sides of the pier. The older interior cribbing is visible, but diver was not able to reach. Deteriorated timbers members with loss of section 30%-70%. Scattered riprap 1' to 4' in diameter on channel bottom around perimeter 	• Settlement of timber cribbing at north side of pier.

Substructure Unit	Observations Below the Waterline	Observations Above the Water- line	
Pier 10w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Repairs made to previous timber cribbing deterioration and loss of rock infill. FP-475 vinyl sheeting surrounds pier (used as stay-in-place formwork). C5x9 steel walers spaced at 2'-0" vertical spacing securing formwork. Grout backfill inside steel formwork. Steel ice breaker plate at upstream end, extending 5' below waterline. Smaller ice steel ice breaker plate extends to channel bottom. Grout bags along channel bottom. 12 sft spall at south end, 75% is above waterline. 1 sft spall at north end, 50% is above waterline. Vertical cracks in west and east elevations extend below waterline to top of footing elevation. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1/16" thick. Channel bottom consists of grout bags, sand and scattered rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 South end: 12 sft spall, 25% extends below waterline. North end: 1 sft spall, 50% extends below waterline. 10 sft area of 4" deep scaling, 50% extends below waterline. West elevation: 26 sft area of delamination in south end of pier wall and bolster area. Vertical and horizontal cracking in pier wall and bolster area. East elevation: 4 sft spall in pier wall. Vertical cracks in pier wall. 	
Pier 11w (Refer to Substruc- ture Elevation Drawings and Soundings Section)	 Vertical footing exposure on all sides of pier. Maximum vertical exposure was 10'-6" inches at the north end of the pier. No undermining of footing observed. 2 sft spall in footing at southeast corner. 4 sft spall in nose of pier wall along east elevation, just above top of footing. 3 sft spall along east elevation extends 50% above waterline. Uniform algae growth on concrete surfaces up to 1/16" thick. Channel bottom consists of sand and scattered rocks up to 1' diameter. 	 West elevation: 10 sft and 4 sft spalls in pier wall. East elevation: 10 sft spall in bolster area. 1 sft and 3 sft spalls in pier wall. 3 sft spall extends 50% below waterline. 	

SUBSTRUCTURE

Based on the underwater inspection the piers are overall in **fair to poor condition**. Vertical footing exposure ranging from 1'-2" minimum to 10'-6" maximum was observed at piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w. Although these piers are founded on bedrock, the footing exposure is an area of concern and should be continued to be monitored at increased frequency. Piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w also exhibit extensive deterioration both above and below the waterline. Areas of spalling, delamination, 1/2" to 4" deep scaling, vertical and horizontal cracking, and map cracking is present in these piers. Piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w are in overall **poor condition**.

The even numbered piers (2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, and 10w) are in **fair condition**. Extensive underwater repairs were performed at these piers during the second half of 2021. The previous loss of rock infill and deteriorated timber cribbing has been repaired with a combination of grout bags, vinyl and steel stay-in-place sheeting forms, steel walers, and pressure injected grout fill. Above the waterline, piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, and 10w have deterioration consisting of spalling, delamination, map cracking, and vertical and horizontal cracking.

Pier 9w is in **fair condition**. The structural portion of pier 9w received the same repairs as the even numbered piers, however steel sheeting was used as the formwork. The swing / pivot portion of pier 9w is in **fair condition**. The previous deterioration of the timber cribbing and loss of rock infill has been repaired with the same procedures detailed in the paragraph above. The previous deterioration above the waterline at pier 9w has been repaired.

Based upon the underwater inspection only, the submerged portions of the piers are in overall **fair to poor condition**. The current Bridge Safety Inspection Report rating for Substructure (SIA Item #60) is a 5. Based upon the underwater inspection only, it is recommended that this rating remain a 5. Please refer to the preceding table for detailed information on pier footing exposure and overall deterioration.

SCOUR COUNTERMEASURES

There is scattered riprap in place along the channel bottom at the submerged potions of the piers. Vertical footing exposure is present at piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w. Scour repairs have been made to piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, 9w, and 10w during the second half of 2021. Scour repairs at these piers consisted of installing stay-in-place forms on the exterior of the timber cribbing and injecting grout into the interior of the cribbing to repair the loss of stone infill. Grout filled bags were also installed along the channel bottom at these piers to secure the stay -in-place forms to the channel bottom.

The current Bridge Safety Inspection Report rating for Scour Criticality (SIA Item #113) is a 4. Based on the design of the pier units and the observations of the underwater inspection it is

recommended that this rating remain a 4. **SCOUR INSPECTION**

Vertical footing exposure was observed at piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w during the underwater inspection. No undermining of the footings was observed at any pier. Footing exposure observations were as follows;

Pier 1w footing exposure on all sides ranged from 1'-2'' minimum to 7'-9'' maximum. Maximum exposure was along the east elevation of the pier. Pier 3w footing exposure along all sides ranged from 1'-4'' minimum to 6'-10'' maximum, with maximum exposure at the north end (upstream end). Footing exposure on all sides of pier 5w ranged from 3'-10'' minimum to 9'-1'' maximum. Maximum exposure was along the east elevation. Pier 7w footing exposure on all sides ranged from 5'-10'' minimum to 8'-10'' maximum. Maximum exposure was at the north end (upstream end) of the pier. Pier 11w footing exposure along all sides ranged from 5'-9'' minimum to 10'-6'' maximum, with maximum exposure at the north end (upstream end).

The current Bridge Safety Inspection Report rating for Scour Inspection (BSIR Item #17) is a 4. Based on the observed scour conditions and vertical footing exposure at piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w it is recommended that this rating remain a 4 in accordance with MDOT NBI rating guidelines.

NAVIGATION PROTECTION SYSTEMS

The watercourse is deemed navigable according to the U.S. Coast Guard; therefore, protection systems and navigation lights at or near the bridge are required. A timber cribbing pier protection system is in place at pier 9w. The protection system at pier 9w is in **poor condition**. The purpose of the system is to protect the bridge from impacts by vessels and also to identify the navigable channel. The protection system has the visual appearance of sinking, especially at the north end (upstream end). During the 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2017 underwater inspections, water levels have been higher than in older inspections. The high water levels contribute to the sinking appearance, however the extensive deterioration of the pier protection cribbing below water, and failed previous repairs are contributing to the settlement of the pier protection system. There are multiple areas within the timber cribbing system that exhibit section loss of 20%-75%. No pier protection systems are in place at piers 1w, 2w, 3w, 4w, 5w, 6w, 7w, 8w, 10w, and 11w.

Navigation lighting is installed at the structure from piers 8w to 10w as well as on southern and northern ends of the pier protection system at pier 9w. The navigation lighting was not operating at the time of underwater inspection due to power at the bridge being turned off for ongoing repair work.

The current Bridge Safety Inspection Report rating for Pier or Abutment Protection (For Navigation) (SIA Item #111) is a 2. It is recommended that this coding be changed to a 3 to indi-

CHANNEL AND CHANNEL PROTECTION

The physical conditions associated with the flow of water through the bridge, such as waterway stability and the condition of the channel and slope, were evaluated. The west channel banks are natural with no slope protection in place. Stacked stone slabs are in place in front of the west abutment. The east channel banks have stacked stone blocks in place to retain the approach slopes. Farther from the bridge, there is a boat launch in the northwest quadrant and a marina in the southeast quadrant. No major erosion or significant debris was observed in the channel banks at the bridge.

The current Bridge Safety Inspection Report rating for Channel and Channel Protection (BSIR # 16, SIA Item #61) is a 7. Based upon the underwater inspection and observed channel conditions it is recommended that this rating remain a 7.

WATERWAY ADEQUACY

The waterway opening, with respect to the passage of flow through the bridge, was evaluated. The bridge deck is above the roadway approaches. The bridge deck elevation is above the roadway approaches. The bridge deck and roadway approaches are above flood water elevations (high water) with a slight chance of overtopping the roadway approaches.

The current Bridge Safety Inspection Report rating for Waterway Adequacy (SIA Item #71) is an 8. Based upon the underwater inspection and MDOT SIA coding guidelines it is recommended that this item remain rated an 8 to coincide with the functional classification of the route carried by the structure (Urban - Minor Arterial).

STREAMBED PROFILES

The water surface elevation at the time of inspection was 575.49 feet. Piers 1w through 11w are submerged in the waterway and the channel extended from the west abutment to the east abutment. The channel was approximately 1,338 feet wide and the waterway was flowing from north to south. Both upstream and downstream cross sections were taken across the length of the bridge along the fascias, and compared to previous cross sections. Please refer to "Stream Cross Sections" tab of this report for the stream profiles.

EVALUATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the underwater inspection the piers are overall in **fair to poor condition**. The odd numbered piers (1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w) are in **poor condition**. Vertical footing exposure ranging from 1'-2" minimum to 10'-6" maximum was observed at these piers. Although these piers are founded on bedrock, the footing exposure is an area of concern and should be continued to be monitored at increased frequency. Piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w also exhibit extensive deterioration both above and below the waterline. Areas of spalling, delamination, 1/2" to 4" deep scaling, vertical and horizontal cracking, and map cracking is present above and below the waterline at these piers.

The even numbered piers (2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, and 10w) are in **fair condition**. Extensive underwater repairs were performed at these piers during the second half of 2021. The previous loss of rock infill and deteriorated timber cribbing has been repaired with a combination of grout bags, vinyl and steel stay-in-place sheeting forms, steel walers, and pressure injected grout fill. Although these piers have been repaired, they should continue to be monitored for movement / settlement or degradation of the pier repairs and/or streambed. Piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, and 10w also exhibit deterioration above the waterline consisting of spalling, delamination, map cracking, and vertical and horizontal cracking.

Pier 9w is in **fair to poor condition**. The structural portion of pier 9w received the same repairs as the even numbered piers, however steel sheeting was used as the formwork. The swing / pivot portion of pier 9w is in **fair condition**. The previous deterioration of the timber cribbing and loss of rock infill has been repaired with the same procedures detailed in the paragraph above. The previous deterioration above the waterline at pier 9w has been repaired.

The timber cribbing pier protection system at pier 9w is in **poor condition**. The purpose of the system is to protect the bridge from impacts by vessels and also to identify the navigable channel. The protection system has the visual appearance of sinking, especially at the north end (upstream end). During the 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2017 underwater inspections, water levels have been higher than in older inspections. The high water levels contribute to the sinking appearance, however the extensive deterioration of the pier protection cribbing below water, and failed previous repairs are contributing to the settlement of the pier protection system.

According to the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS), it is recommended that the substructure units of STR 12006 be inspected underwater at an increased frequency not to exceed 24 months. Furthermore, it is recommended that channel cross sections be taken at the structure during biennial inspections or soon after flood occurrences.





PLAN VIEW

AT THE TIME OF I	DIVE		LEGEND	WAYNE	COUNTY ROAD	S DIVISION
AMBIENT AIR TEMP WATER TEMP	55° 49°	-00.0	SOUNDING DEPTH FROM WATER SURFACE TO RIVER BOTTOM.	GROSSE ILE	PARKWAY OVER TR	ENTON CHANNEL
TURBIDITY STREAMBED MATERIAL	2.5 fps 10' ROCK	-00.0	SOUNDING DEPTH FROM WATER SURFACE TO RIVER BOTTOM ALONG BRIDGE FASCIA	S UNDE	TRUCTURE NUMBER RWATER BRIDGE IN: GROSSE ILE. MI	2 12006 SPECTION
NOTE:		\sim	RIPRAP		,	
				DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	PLAN	
DIVE INSPECTION WAS 575.49 (ON 11/09/21.		SHEET PILING	STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704	
LOW STEEL SPAN 1W.	583.94 TAKEN AT		TIMBER/DEBRIS PILE	DRAWN BY: JLS	DATE: 11/09/21	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC
				CHECKED BY: CJC	FILE: 704 uwpl.dgn	

EAST ABUTMENT



		•		
	LEGEND	WAYNE	COUNTY ROAD	S DIVISION
-00.0	SOUNDING DEPTH FROM WATER SURFACE TO RIVER BOTTOM.	GROSSE ILE	E PARKWAY OVER TR	ENTON CHANNEL
-00.0	SOUNDING DEPTH FROM WATER SURFACE TO RIVER BOTTOM ALONG BRIDGE FASCIA	STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI		R 12006 SPECTION I
\bigcirc	RIPRAP		,	
~~~~	SHEET PILING	DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	PLAN	
		STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704	
	TIMBER/DEBRIS PILE	DRAWN BY: JLS	DATE: 11/09/21	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC
		CHECKED BY: CJC	FILE: 704 uwpl.dgn	

55° 49° 2.5 fps 10' ROCK





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION				
GROSSE ILE S UNDE	PARKWAY OVER TR TRUCTURE NUMBER RWATER BRIDGE IN GROSSE ILE, MI	ENTON CHANNEL 2 12006 SPECTION		
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING				
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704			
DRAWN BY: JLS	DATE: 11/09/21	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC		
CHECKED BY: CJC	FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn			





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION				
GROSSE ILE S UNDE	PARKWAY OVER TR TRUCTURE NUMBER RWATER BRIDGE IN GROSSE ILE, MI	ENTON CHANNEL 2 12006 SPECTION		
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING				
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704			
DRAWN BY: JLS	DATE: 11/09/21	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC		
CHECKED BY: CJC	FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn			





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION				
GROSSE ILE S UNDE	PARKWAY OVER TR TRUCTURE NUMBER RWATER BRIDGE IN GROSSE ILE, MI	ENTON CHANNEL 2 12006 SPECTION		
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING				
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704			
DRAWN BY: JLS	DATE: 11/09/21	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC		
CHECKED BY: CJC	FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn			





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION								
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI								
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	ELEVATION							
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704							
DRAWN BY: JLS	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC							
GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, L CHECKED BY: CJC FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn								





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION								
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI								
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	ELEVATION							
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704							
DRAWN BY: JLS	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC							
GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, L CHECKED BY: CJC FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn								





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION								
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI								
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	ELEVATION							
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704							
DRAWN BY: JLS	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC							
GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, L CHECKED BY: CJC FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn								





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION								
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI								
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	ELEVATION							
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704							
DRAWN BY: JLS	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC							
GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, L CHECKED BY: CJC FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn								





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION									
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI									
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	ELEVATION								
STRUCTURE NO: 12006									
DRAWN BY: JLS	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC								
CHECKED BY: CJC	FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn								





### NOTE:



WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION								
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI								
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	ELEVATION							
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704							
DRAWN BY: JLS	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC							
GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, L CHECKED BY: CJC FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn								











WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION									
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI									
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	ELEVATION								
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704								
DRAWN BY: JLS	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC								
CHECKED BY: CJC	FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn								





WAYNE COUNTY ROADS DIVISION								
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY OVER TRENTON CHANNEL STRUCTURE NUMBER 12006 UNDERWATER BRIDGE INSPECTION GROSSE ILE, MI								
DRAWING: PIER SOUNDING	ELEVATION							
STRUCTURE NO: 12006	GLEG JOB NO: 1020-2-704							
DRAWN BY: JLS	GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, LLC							
GREAT LAKES ENGINEERING GROUP, L CHECKED BY: CJC FILE: 704 uwpi.dgn								

DATE:	11/9/2021
STRUCTURE NO .:	12006
CONTROL SECTION:	N/A
ROUTE:	Grosse Ile Parkway
WATERCOURSE:	Trenton Channel

#### CURRENT CROSS SECTION

#### PREVIOUS CROSS SECTION

### PREVIOUS CROSS SECTION

#### PREVIOUS CROSS SECTION

UPSTREAM FACE				I FACE			UPSTREAM	M FACE		UPSTREAM FACE					
BENCHMARK DESCRIPTIO	ELEVATION:	/ARK:	583.94 Low steel, span 1w	BENCHMARK DESCRIPTIO	ELEVATION:	IARK:	583.94 Low steel, span 1w	BENCHMAR	K ELEVATION: ON OF BENCHM	MARK:	583.94 Low steel, span 1w	BENCHMAR	K ELEVATION: ON OF BENCHN	IARK:	582.77 Top of Pier 1w
UNDERCLEA TOP OF ROA WATER SURI	RANCE ELEV D ELEVATION FACE ELEVAT	ation: : :ion:	575.49	UNDERCLEA TOP OF ROA WATER SURF	RANCE ELEVA D ELEVATION FACE ELEVAT	ATION: : ION:	575.1	UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION: 576.4		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		ATION: : ION:	574.8		
DATE: REFERENCE	ELEVATION:	FLEVATION	11/9/2021 575.49	DATE: REFERENCE	ELEVATION:		11/4/2020 575.1	DATE: REFERENCE	ELEVATION:		6/30/2020 576.4	DATE: REFERENCE	ELEVATION:		12/3/2019 574.8
	-2.0	577.5	East abutment	STATION	-2.0	577.1	East abutment	STATION	-2.0	578.4	East abutment	STATION	-2.5	577.3	East abutment
2.0	-2.0	575.5	East edge of water	2.0	-2.0	575.1	East edge of water	2.0	-2.0	576.4	East edge of water	6.0	-2.5	574.8	East edge of water
25.0	1.9	573.6	Span 12W, 1/4 pt	25.0	8.8	566.3	Span 12W, 1/4 pt	25.0	10.8	565.6	Span 12W, 1/4 pt	25.0	12.4	562.4	Span 12W, 1/4 pt
50.0	17.2	558.3	Span 12W, 1/2 pt	50.0	16.7	558.4	Span 12W, 1/2 pt	50.0	17.0	559.4	Span 12W, 1/2 pt	50.0	19.1	555.7	Span 12W, 1/2 pt
74.9	19.1	556.4	Span 12W, 3/4 pt	74.9	19.8	555.3	Span 12W, 3/4 pt	74.9	20.0	556.4	Span 12W, 3/4 pt	74.9	19.9	554.9	Span 12W, 3/4 pt
99.9	22.9	552.6	Pier 11W	99.9	21.3	553.8	Pier 11W	99.9	22.6	553.8	Pier 11W	99.9	21.8	553.0	Pier 11W
125.1	19.8	555.7	Span 11W, 1/4 pt	125.1	21.8	553.3	Span 11W, 1/4 pt	125.1	21.6	554.8	Span 11W, 1/4 pt	125.1	22.0	552.8	Span 11W, 1/4 pt
150.3	20.5	555.0	Span 11W, 1/2 pt	150.3	22.0	553.1	Span 11W, 1/2 pt	150.3	22.7	553.7	Span 11W, 1/2 pt	150.3	22.7	552.1	Span 11W, 1/2 pt
175.4	21.8	553.7	Span 11W, 3/4 pt	175.4	22.5	552.6	Span 11W, 3/4 pt	175.4	23.2	553.2	Span 11W, 3/4 pt	175.4	23.1	551.7	Span 11W, 3/4 pt
200.6	24.8	550.7	Pier 10W	200.6	22.0	553.1	Pier 10W	200.6	23.0	553.4	Pier 10W	200.6	23.7	551.1	Pier 10W
239.0	21.7	553.8	Span 10W, 1/4 pt	239.0	20.9	554.2	Span 10W, 1/4 pt	239.0	23.1	553.3	Span 10W, 1/4 pt	239.0	21.5	553.3	Span 10W, 1/4 pt
277.4	20.2	555.3	Span 10W, 1/2 pt	277.4	20.0	555.1	Span 10W, 1/2 pt	277.4	20.9	555.5	Span 10W, 1/2 pt	277.4	22.0	552.8	Span 10W, 1/2 pt
315.9	21.7	553.8	Span 10W, 3/4 pt	315.9	20.9	554.2	Span 10W, 3/4 pt	315.9	21.5	554.9	Span 10W, 3/4 pt	315.9	21.4	553.4	Span 10W, 3/4 pt
354.3	20.7	554.8	Pier 9W, east side	354.3	20.7	554.4	Pier 9W, east side	354.3	24.0	552.4	Pier 9W, east side	354.3	20.0	554.8	Pier 9W, east side
389.6	20.8	554.7	Pier 9W, west side	389.6	20.8	554.3	Pier 9W, west side	389.6	28.0	548.4	Pier 9W, west side	389.6	24.3	550.5	Pier 9W, west side
428.0	26.2	549.3	Span 9W, 1/4 pt	428.0	27.6	547.5	Span 9W, 1/4 pt	428.0	28.2	548.2	Span 9W, 1/4 pt	428.0	26.9	547.9	Span 9W, 1/4 pt
466.5	27.6	547.9	Span 9W, 1/2 pt	466.5	27.9	547.2	Span 9W, 1/2 pt	466.5	28.6	547.8	Span 9W, 1/2 pt	466.5	27.0	547.8	Span 9W, 1/2 pt
504.9	27.2	548.3	Span 9W, 3/4 pt	504.9	28.0	547.1	Span 9W, 3/4 pt	504.9	28.7	547.7	Span 9W, 3/4 pt	504.9	24.9	549.9	Span 9W, 3/4 pt
543.3	23.2	552.3	Pier 8W	543.3	21.0	554.1	Pier 8W	543.3	20.3	556.1	Pier 8W	543.3	22.2	552.6	Pier 8W
568.5	20.3	555.2	Span 8W, 1/4 pt	568.5	20.2	554.9	Span 8W, 1/4 pt	568.5	22.3	554.1	Span 8W, 1/4 pt	568.5	20.6	554.2	Span 8W, 1/4 pt
593.6	18.7	556.8	Span 8W, 1/2 pt	593.6	20.7	554.4	Span 8W, 1/2 pt	593.6	20.6	555.8	Span 8W, 1/2 pt	593.6	21.9	552.9	Span 8W, 1/2 pt
618.8	21.4	554.1	Span 8W, 3/4 pt	618.8	21.6	553.5	Span 8W, 3/4 pt	618.8	22.4	554.0	Span 8W, 3/4 pt	618.8	21.9	552.9	Span 8W, 3/4 pt
644.0	24.0	551.5	Pier 7W	644.0	22.0	553.1	Pier 7W	644.0	23.2	553.2	Pier 7W	644.0	22.3	552.5	Pier 7W
669.0	18.2	557.3	Span 7W, 1/4 pt	669.0	20.6	554.5	Span 7W, 1/4 pt	669.0	20.2	556.2	Span 7W, 1/4 pt	669.0	20.8	554.0	Span 7W, 1/4 pt
694.1	20.2	555.3	Span 7W, 1/2 pt	694.1	20.8	554.3	Span 7W, 1/2 pt	694.1	21.9	554.5	Span 7W, 1/2 pt	694.1	20.2	554.6	Span 7W, 1/2 pt
719.2	19.8	555.7	Span /W, 3/4 pt	719.2	19.7	555.4	Span /W, 3/4 pt	719.2	20.7	555.7	Span 7W, 3/4 pt	719.2	19.9	554.9	Span 7W, 3/4 pt
744.2	22.2	553.3	Pier 6W	744.2	20.5	554.6	Pier 6W	744.2	21.3	555.1	Pier 6W	744.2	20.5	554.3	Pier 6W
769.3	20.3	555.2	Span 6vv, 1/4 pt	769.3	21.0	554.1	Span 6VV, 1/4 pt	769.3	22.0	554.4	Span 6vv, 1/4 pt	769.3	20.9	553.9	Span 6vv, 1/4 pt
794.3	20.8	554.7	Span 6VV, 1/2 pt	794.3	21.4	553.7	Span 6W, 1/2 pt	794.3	22.5	553.9	Span 6vv, 1/2 pt	794.3	21.0	553.8	Span 6VV, 1/2 pt
019.4	20.3	555.2	Span 6vv, 3/4 pt	019.4	21.0	554.1	Span ow, 3/4 pt	019.4	22.1	552.0	Span 6vv, 3/4 pt	019.4	20.9	553.9	Span 6vv, 3/4 pt
044.3 960.6	23.5	552.0	Piel SW Spop EW/ 1/4 pt	044.0 960.6	21.7	553.4	Piel SVV Spop EW/ 1/4 pt	044.0 960.6	22.0	553.6	Piel SW Spap EW/ 1/4 pt	044.0 960.6	21.0	553.0	Piel SW Spop EW/ 1/4 pt
804.6	21.3	554.2	Span 5W, 1/4 pt	803.0	21.7	553.4	Span 5W, 1/4 pt	804.6	22.7	553.7	Span 5W, 1/4 pt	804.6	21.9	552.9	Span 5W, 1/4 pt
919.7	20.3	555.2	Span 5W, 1/2 pt Span 5W, 3/4 pt	919 7	21.5	553.5	Span 5W, 1/2 pt Span 5W, 3/4 pt	919.7	22.2	553.8	Span 5W, 3/4 pt	919.7	21.2	553.8	Span 5W, 3/4 pt
944.8	23.8	551.7	Pier 4W	944.8	22.0	553.1	Pier 4W	944.8	22.0	554.2	Pier 4W	944.8	22.1	552.7	Pier 4W
969.8	22.3	553.2	Snan 4W 1/4 nt	969.8	23.2	551.9	Span 4W 1/4 pt	969.8	23.8	552.6	Span 4W 1/4 pt	969.8	23.8	551.0	Span 4W 1/4 pt
994.9	19.7	555.8	Span 4W, 1/2 pt	994.9	19.8	555.3	Span 4W, 1/2 pt	994.9	24.3	552.1	Span 4W, 1/2 pt	994.9	21.3	553.5	Span 4W, 1/2 pt
1019.9	18.3	557.2	Span 4W, 3/4 pt	1019.9	19.0	556.1	Span 4W, 3/4 pt	1019.9	19.3	557.1	Span 4W, 3/4 pt	1019.9	19.4	555.4	Span 4W, 3/4 pt
1045.0	19.6	555.9	Pier 3W	1045.0	18.3	556.8	Pier 3W	1045.0	20.5	555.9	Pier 3W	1045.0	17.9	556.9	Pier 3W
1070.1	15.9	559.6	Span 3W, 1/4 pt	1070.1	18.8	556.3	Span 3W, 1/4 pt	1070.1	18.7	557.7	Span 3W, 1/4 pt	1070.1	18.9	555.9	Span 3W, 1/4 pt
1095.1	19.2	556.3	Span 3W, 1/2 pt	1095.1	19.7	555.4	Span 3W, 1/2 pt	1095.1	20.0	556.4	Span 3W, 1/2 pt	1095.1	20.1	554.7	Span 3W, 1/2 pt
1120.2	18.7	556.8	Span 3W, 3/4 pt	1120.2	18.5	556.6	Span 3W, 3/4 pt	1120.2	21.5	554.9	Span 3W, 3/4 pt	1120.2	20.0	554.8	Span 3W, 3/4 pt
1145.3	20.6	554.9	Pier 2W	1145.3	17.5	557.6	Pier 2W	1145.3	17.1	559.3	Pier 2W	1145.3	18.9	555.9	Pier 2W
1170.3	21.3	554.2	Span 2W, 1/4 pt	1170.3	21.5	553.6	Span 2W, 1/4 pt	1170.3	23.1	553.3	Span 2W, 1/4 pt	1170.3	21.0	553.8	Span 2W, 1/4 pt
1195.4	20.7	554.8	Span 2W, 1/2 pt	1195.4	21.2	553.9	Span 2W, 1/2 pt	1195.4	22.3	554.1	Span 2W, 1/2 pt	1195.4	20.7	554.1	Span 2W, 1/2 pt
1220.4	19.2	556.3	Span 2W, 3/4 pt	1220.4	21.2	553.9	Span 2W, 3/4 pt	1220.4	20.7	555.7	Span 2W, 3/4 pt	1220.4	18.6	556.2	Span 2W, 3/4 pt
1245.5	16.8	558.7	Pier 1W	1245.5	13.5	561.6	Pier 1W	1245.5	16.0	560.4	Pier 1W	1245.5	15.1	559.7	Pier 1W
1270.5	13.0	562.5	Span 1W, 1/4 pt	1270.5	8.2	566.9	Span 1W, 1/4 pt	1270.5	9.5	566.9	Span 1W, 1/4 pt	1270.5	9.7	565.1	Span 1W, 1/4 pt
1295.5	8.1	567.4	Span 1W, 1/2 pt	1295.5	6.9	568.2	Span 1W, 1/2 pt	1295.5	6.6	569.8	Span 1W, 1/2 pt	1295.5	7.3	567.5	Span 1W, 1/2 pt
1320.6	6.2	569.3	Span 1W, 3/4 pt	1320.6	5.6	569.5	Span 1W, 3/4 pt	1320.6	3.9	572.5	Span 1W, 3/4 pt	1320.6	4.1	570.7	Span 1W, 3/4 pt
1340.0	0.0	575.5	West edge of water	1340.0	0.0	575.1	West edge of water	1340.0	0.0	576.4	West edge of water	1336.0	0.0	574.8	West edge of water
1345.8	-2.0	577.5	West abutment	1345.8	-2.0	577.1	West abutment	1345.8	-2.0	578.4	West abutment	1345.8	-3.5	578.3	West abutment

### BRIDGE CROSS-SECTIONS

DATE:	11/9/2021
STRUCTURE NO .:	12006
CONTROL SECTION:	N/A
ROUTE:	Grosse Ile Parkway
WATERCOURSE:	Trenton Channel

#### CURRENT CROSS SECTION

#### PREVIOUS CROSS SECTION

#### PREVIOUS CROSS SECTION

#### PREVIOUS CROSS SECTION

DOWNSTREAM FACE				REAM FACE			DOWNSTR	EAM FACE		DOWNSTREAM FACE																		
BENCHMAR	K ELEVATION	: MARK:	583.94 Low steel, span 1w	BENCHMARI	K ELEVATION	: MARK:	583.94 Low steel, span 1w	BENCHMAR	BENCHMARK ELEVATION: 583.94 DESCRIPTION OF BENCHMARK: Low steel, span 1w		BENCHMARK ELEVATION: DESCRIPTION OF BENCHMARK:			582.77 Top of Pier 1w														
UNDERCLE TOP OF RO WATER SUF	ARANCE ELEV AD ELEVATION RFACE ELEVAT	'ATION: N: TION:	575.49	UNDERCLEA TOP OF ROA WATER SUR	RANCE ELEN D ELEVATIO FACE ELEVA	/ation: N: Tion:	575.14	UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		DERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: P OF ROAD ELEVATION: .TER SURFACE ELEVATION:		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		UNDERCLEARANCE ELEVATION: TOP OF ROAD ELEVATION: WATER SURFACE ELEVATION:		574.77
DATE: REFERENC STATION	E ELEVATION: READING	ELEVATION	11/9/2021 575.49 DESCRIPTION	DATE: REFERENCE STATION	ELEVATION READING	ELEVATION	11/4/2020 575.14 DESCRIPTION	DATE: REFERENCE STATION	ELEVATION: READING	ELEVATION	6/30/2020 576.44 DESCRIPTION	DATE: REFERENCI <b>STATION</b>	E ELEVATION: READING	ELEVATION	12/3/2019 574.77 DESCRIPTION													
0.0	-2.0	577.5	East abutment	0.0	-2.0	577.1	East abutment	0.0	-2.0	578.4	East abutment	0.0	-2.0	576.8	East abutment													
2.0	0.0	573.2	Span 12W 1/4 pt	2.0	0.0	575.1	Span 12W 1/4 pt	2.0	0.0	576.4	Span 12W 1/4 pt	25.0	5.7	569.1	Span 12W 1/4 pt													
50.0	13.5	562.0	Span 12W, 1/2 pt	50.0	8.9	566.2	Span 12W, 1/2 pt	50.0	13.6	562.8	Span 12W, 1/2 pt	50.0	9.5	565.3	Span 12W, 1/2 pt													
74.9	16.3	559.2	Span 12W, 3/4 pt	74.9	13.8	561.3	Span 12W, 3/4 pt	74.9	17.2	559.2	Span 12W, 3/4 pt	74.9	15.5	559.3	Span 12W, 3/4 pt													
99.9	20.2	555.3	Pier 11W	99.9	19.0	556.1	Pier 11W	99.9	18.5	557.9	Pier 11W	99.9	19.1	555.7	Pier 11W													
125.1	20.1	555.4	Span 11W, 1/4 pt	125.1	19.7	555.4	Span 11W, 1/4 pt	125.1	21.2	555.2	Span 11W, 1/4 pt	125.1	19.8	555.0	Span 11W, 1/4 pt													
150.3	20.4	555.1	Span 11W, 1/2 pt	150.3	20.5	554.6	Span 11W, 1/2 pt	150.3	22.7	553.7	Span 11W, 1/2 pt	150.3	20.9	553.9	Span 11W, 1/2 pt													
175.4	20.3	555.2	Span 11W, 3/4 pt	175.4	21.0	554.1	Span 11W, 3/4 pt	175.4	21.5	554.9	Span 11W, 3/4 pt	175.4	21.8	553.0	Span 11W, 3/4 pt													
200.6	21.8	553.7	Pier 10W	200.6	19.7	555.4	Pier 10W	200.6	21.2	555.2	Pier 10W	200.6	20.7	554.1	Pier 10W													
239.0	21.7	553.8	Span 10W, 1/4 pt	239.0	21.8	553.3	Span 10W, 1/4 pt	239.0	22.9	553.5	Span 10W, 1/4 pt	239.0	22.7	552.1	Span 10W, 1/4 pt													
2/7.4	20.5	555.0	Span 10W, 1/2 pt Span 10W, 3/4 pt	2/7.4	21.7	553.6	Span 10W, 1/2 pt Span 10W, 3/4 pt	2/7.4	22.5	553.9	Span 10W, 1/2 pt Span 10W, 3/4 pt	2/7.4	22.1	552.7	Span 10W, 1/2 pt Span 10W, 3/4 pt													
354.3	20.5	555.0	Pier 9W east side	354.3	20.5	554.6	Pier 9W east side	354.3	20.7	555.7	Pier 9W east side	354.3	20.0	554.8	Pier 9W east side													
389.6	22.0	553.5	Pier 9W, west side	389.6	22.0	553.1	Pier 9W, west side	389.6	19.2	557.2	Pier 9W, west side	389.6	17.9	556.9	Pier 9W, west side													
428.0	25.2	550.3	Span 9W, 1/4 pt	428.0	27.6	547.5	Span 9W, 1/4 pt	428.0	27.0	549.4	Span 9W, 1/4 pt	428.0	26.7	548.1	Span 9W, 1/4 pt													
466.5	27.0	548.5	Span 9W, 1/2 pt	466.5	27.8	547.3	Span 9W, 1/2 pt	466.5	27.6	548.8	Span 9W, 1/2 pt	466.5	26.9	547.9	Span 9W, 1/2 pt													
504.9	26.8	548.7	Span 9W, 3/4 pt	504.9	27.9	547.2	Span 9W, 3/4 pt	504.9	28.2	548.2	Span 9W, 3/4 pt	504.9	26.7	548.1	Span 9W, 3/4 pt													
543.3	24.5	551.0	Pier 8W	543.3	21.3	553.8	Pier 8W	543.3	20.0	556.4	Pier 8W	543.3	22.8	552.0	Pier 8W													
568.5	22.3	553.2	Span 8W, 1/4 pt	568.5	23.2	551.9	Span 8W, 1/4 pt	568.5	24.1	552.3	Span 8W, 1/4 pt	568.5	22.3	552.5	Span 8W, 1/4 pt													
593.6	21.0	554.5	Span 8W, 1/2 pt	593.6	21.5	553.6	Span 8W, 1/2 pt	593.6	21.7	554.7	Span 8W, 1/2 pt	593.6	20.9	553.9	Span 8W, 1/2 pt													
618.8	22.3	553.2	Span 8W, 3/4 pt	618.8	23.6	551.5	Span 8W, 3/4 pt	618.8	22.5	553.9	Span 8W, 3/4 pt	618.8	22.1	552.7	Span 8W, 3/4 pt													
644.0	22.5	553.0	Pier 7W	644.0	20.7	554.4	Pier 7W	644.0	21.8	554.6	Pier 7W	644.0	20.8	554.0	Pier 7W													
669.0	21.6	553.9	Span /W, 1/4 pt Span 7W, 1/2 pt	669.0	21.8	553.3	Span 7W, 1/4 pt Span 7W, 1/2 pt	669.0	23.1	553.3	Span /W, 1/4 pt Span 7W, 1/2 pt	669.0	20.9	553.9	Span /W, 1/4 pt Span 7W/ 1/2 pt													
719.2	20.7	554.8	Span 7W, 1/2 pt Span 7W, 3/4 pt	719.2	21.9	553.4	Span 7W, 1/2 pt Span 7W, 3/4 pt	719.2	22.2	554.2	Span 7W, 1/2 pt	719.2	21.9	553.7	Span 7W, 1/2 pt Span 7W, 3/4 pt													
713.2	19.4	556 1	Pier 6W	715.2	17.5	557.6	Pier 6W	719.2	19.5	556.9	Pier 6W	744.2	17.7	557.1	Pier 6W													
769.3	18.9	556.6	Span 6W, 1/4 pt	769.3	20.2	554.9	Span 6W, 1/4 pt	769.3	20.0	556.4	Span 6W, 1/4 pt	769.3	18.7	556.1	Span 6W, 1/4 pt													
794.3	19.2	556.3	Span 6W, 1/2 pt	794.3	20.7	554.4	Span 6W, 1/2 pt	794.3	20.6	555.8	Span 6W, 1/2 pt	794.3	18.9	555.9	Span 6W, 1/2 pt													
819.4	19.8	555.7	Span 6W, 3/4 pt	819.4	21.6	553.5	Span 6W, 3/4 pt	819.4	21.4	555.0	Span 6W, 3/4 pt	819.4	20.3	554.5	Span 6W, 3/4 pt													
844.5	20.8	554.7	Pier 5W	844.5	18.5	556.6	Pier 5W	844.5	21.0	555.4	Pier 5W	844.5	19.1	555.7	Pier 5W													
869.6	21.8	553.7	Span 5W, 1/4 pt	869.6	23.7	551.4	Span 5W, 1/4 pt	869.6	23.4	553.0	Span 5W, 1/4 pt	869.6	22.7	552.1	Span 5W, 1/4 pt													
894.6	20.7	554.8	Span 5W, 1/2 pt	894.6	22.5	552.6	Span 5W, 1/2 pt	894.6	24.1	552.3	Span 5W, 1/2 pt	894.6	22.4	552.4	Span 5W, 1/2 pt													
919.7	20.8	554.7	Span 5W, 3/4 pt	919.7	21.8	553.3	Span 5W, 3/4 pt	919.7	22.8	553.6	Span 5W, 3/4 pt	919.7	22.0	552.8	Span 5W, 3/4 pt													
944.8	19.7	555.8	Pier 4W	944.8	20.0	555.1	Pier 4W	944.8	18.3	558.1	Pier 4W	944.8	18.0	556.8	Pier 4W													
969.8	21.9	553.6	Span 4W, 1/4 pt	969.8	21.7	553.4	Span 4vv, 1/4 pt	969.8	23.0	553.4	Span 4VV, 1/4 pt	969.8	21.2	553.6	Span 4VV, 1/4 pt													
1019.9	17.8	557.7	Span 4W, 1/2 pt Span 4W, 3/4 pt	1019 9	16.6	558.5	Span 4W, 1/2 pt Span 4W, 3/4 pt	1019 9	19.2	557.2	Span 4W, 1/2 pt Span 4W 3/4 pt	1019.9	20.8	556.0	Span 4W, 1/2 pt Span 4W, 3/4 pt													
1045.0	18.1	557.4	Pier 3W	1045.0	15.5	559.6	Pier 3W	1045.0	18.1	558.3	Pier 3W	1045.0	16.4	558.4	Pier 3W													
1070.1	16.5	559.0	Span 3W, 1/4 pt	1070.1	17.4	557.7	Span 3W, 1/4 pt	1070.1	17.6	558.8	Span 3W, 1/4 pt	1070.1	16.2	558.6	Span 3W, 1/4 pt													
1095.1	16.7	558.8	Span 3W, 1/2 pt	1095.1	17.2	557.9	Span 3W, 1/2 pt	1095.1	17.7	558.7	Span 3W, 1/2 pt	1095.1	16.7	558.1	Span 3W, 1/2 pt													
1120.2	17.2	558.3	Span 3W, 3/4 pt	1120.2	18.6	556.5	Span 3W, 3/4 pt	1120.2	18.2	558.2	Span 3W, 3/4 pt	1120.2	17.1	557.7	Span 3W, 3/4 pt													
1145.3	16.6	558.9	Pier 2W	1145.3	17.8	557.3	Pier 2W	1145.3	16.4	560.0	Pier 2W	1145.3	14.9	559.9	Pier 2W													
1170.3	17.2	558.3	Span 2W, 1/4 pt	1170.3	19.8	555.3	Span 2W, 1/4 pt	1170.3	18.6	557.8	Span 2W, 1/4 pt	1170.3	18.0	556.8	Span 2W, 1/4 pt													
1195.4	18.2	557.3	Span 2W, 1/2 pt	1195.4	18.7	556.4	Span 2W, 1/2 pt	1195.4	19.7	556.7	Span 2W, 1/2 pt	1195.4	19.1	555.7	Span 2W, 1/2 pt													
1220.4	18.8	556.7	Span 2W, 3/4 pt	1220.4	19.2	555.9	Span 2W, 3/4 pt	1220.4	19.6	556.8	Span 2W, 3/4 pt	1220.4	18.1	556.7	Span 2W, 3/4 pt													
1245.5	18.3	557.2	Pier 1W	1245.5	16.9	558.2	Pier 1W	1245.5	18.5	557.9	Pier 1W	1245.5	17.9	556.9	Pier 1W													
1270.5	14.5	561.0	Span 1W, 1/4 pt	1270.5	15.3	559.8	Span 1W, 1/4 pt	1270.5	17.0	559.4	Span 1W, 1/4 pt	1270.5	14.7	560.1	Span 1W, 1/4 pt													
1295.5 1320 F	11.6	503.9	Span 1W, 1/2 pt	1295.5	11.3	568.5	Span 1W, 1/2 pt	1295.5	13.0	503.4	Span 1W, 1/2 pt	1295.5	9.9	569.7	Span 1W, 1/2 pt													
1340.0	0.0	575.5	West edge of water	1340.0	0.0	575.1	West edge of water	1340.0	0.0	576.4	West edge of water	1333.0	0.0	574.8	West edge of water													
1345.8	-2.0	577.5	West abutment	1345.8	-2.0	577.1	West abutment	1345.8	-2.0	578.4	West abutment	1345.8	-3.5	578.3	West abutment													







Wayne County Underwater Bridge Inspections GLEG Project No. 1020-2-704 Grosse Ile Parkway over Trenton Channel STR 12006 November 9, 2021



South elevation of bridge

South elevation of bridge






North elevation of bridge

North elevation of bridge







South channel

North channel





Pier 1w, west elevation

Pier 1w, east elevation





Pier 2w, west elevation

Pier 2w, east elevation



Pier 2w, steel ice breaker at channel bottom, typical



Pier 2w, vinyl sheeting and steel waler, typical







Pier 3w, west elevation

Pier 3w, east elevation





Pier 3w, horizontal crack in footing, typical west and east elevations

Pier 3w, typical condition of exposed footing







Pier 4w, west elevation

Pier 4w, east elevation



Pier 4w, vinyl sheeting at channel bottom, typical



Pier 4w, vinyl sheeting and grout bags at channel bottom, typical







Pier 5w, west elevation







Pier 5w, open crack in footing, typical west and east elevations



Pier 5w, open crack in footing, typical west and east elevations





Pier 6w, west elevation

Pier 6w, east elevation





Pier 6w, grout bags and vinyl sheeting at channel bottom, typical



Pier 6w, corner of vinyl sheeting, steel walers and grout bags at channel bottom, typical







Pier 7w, west elevation

Pier 7w, east elevation



Pier 7w, footing exposure at upstream nose, typical



Pier 7w, pier stem wall and footing interface, typical







Pier 8w, west elevation

Pier 8w, east elevation





Pier 8w, steel sheeting and steel walers, typical

Pier 8w, steel sheeting and steel walers at channel bottom, typical







Pier 9w, west elevation

Pier 9w, east elevation





Pier 9w, steel sheeting and steel walers, typical

Pier 9w, steel sheeting and steel walers at channel bottom, typical







Pier 9w, southwest timber fender













Pier 9w, northeast timber fender





Pier 10w, west elevation

Pier 10w, east elevation





Pier 10w, vinyl sheeting and steel walers, typical

Pier 10w, vinyl sheeting and steel walers, typical







Pier 11w, west elevation

Pier 11w, east elevation



Pier 11w, footing exposure and channel bottom, typical



Pier 11w, footing exposure and channel bottom, typical







West abutment

East abutment





Southwest channel bank

Southeast channel bank







Northwest channel bank

Northeast channel bank

# MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STR 12006	UNDERWATER INSPECT	8]		
Facility	Latitude / Longitude	MDOT Structure ID	Structure Condition	1
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY	42.1273 / -83.173	82200010000B020	Poor Condition(4)	
Feature	Length / Width / Spans	Owner		
TRENTON CHANNEL	1,345.88 / 31.8 / 12	County: Wayne(82)		
Location	Built / Recon. / Paint / Ovly.	TSC	<b>Operational Status</b>	
GROSSE ILE	1932 / 2007 / 1978 /	Taylor(25)	P Posted for load(26NNNN)	
Region / County	Material / Design	Last NBI Inspection	Scour Evaluation	
Metro(7) / Wayne(82)	4 Steel Continuous / 17 Movable- Swing	11/23/2021 / 6SAN	4 Stable, needs action	

# UNDERWATER SPECIAL INSPECTION

Inspector Name	Agency / Company Name	Insp. Freq.	Insp. Date	
Casey Collings	Great Lakes Engineering Group	10	11/09/2021	

#### GENERAL NOTES

Grosse lle Parkway over Trenton Channel is a twelve-span moveable swing bridge with a steel superstructure. The bridge is located in Wayne County, Michigan. The original structure was built around 1873 as a railroad crossing and was converted to carry vehicular traffic in 1932. The structure carries two lanes of two-way traffic and is 1,346 feet in length. All eleven pier units (piers 1w-11w) are submerged in the channel. The bridge has undergone numerous repair projects throughout its lifespan, and most recently was closed to traffic while extensive pier repairs were performed at piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, 9w, and 10w. Pier repair verification dives were performed during the project, and these reports are available as separate documents.

Piers 1w through 11w were subject to underwater inspection on November 9-10, 2021 while the structure remained closed to vehicular traffic due to the pier repair project and ongoing superstructure repairs. The pier repair and superstructure repair projects were overseen by HNTB, Michigan on behalf of Wayne County. Coordination was required to ensure contractor equipment and operations did not impact the safety of the dive team or contractor personnel. Power to the swing span pier was turned off due the ongoing construction projects. The dive team performed the underwater inspection under the contractor¿s United States Coast Guard permits.

# **INSPECTION PROCEDURES**

#### QUALIFIED TEAM

The team performing the underwater inspection is qualified in accordance with the National Bridge Inspection Standards 23 CFR Part 650.309. The underwater inspection was conducted by a four-person team consisting of a Professional Engineer Dive Team Leader/Qualified Dive Inspector/Qualified Team Leader (Casey Collings, P.E.), a Qualified Dive Inspector/Qualified Team Leader (Matt Davis), a Diving Safety Supervisor (Paul Davis), and a Dive Tender (Brian Hedben, P.E.).

#### EQUIPMENT

The inspection was conducted using Self-Contained Underwater Breathing Apparatus (SCUBA). The inspection team accessed the bridge and worked from a 18-foot Dive Safety Boat. Two-way wired communications were used to convey inspection notes from the diver to the topside team leader and recorded on note sheets. Additional equipment consisted of an underwater digital camera, underwater video camera, LED high intensity submersible dive light, dive knife, scraper, 4' probing rod, 25' and 50' survey rods, and a side imaging sonar unit.

### LEVEL OF INSPECTION

The Level I underwater inspection consisted of a close visual and tactile examination using large sweeping motions of the hands where visibility was limited. A Level II inspection was performed on 10% of the submerged substructure units. The inspection was conducted over the total exterior surface of each underwater substructure unit. Probing along the mud line was also done along each substructure unit and the adjacent streambed. Upstream and downstream cross sections were taken and recorded using a USGS benchmark. APPROVALS

This bridge falls under the jurisdiction of the United States Coast Guard (USCG). Approval was required to perform the underwater inspection. The dive team performed the underwater inspection under the contractor¿s United States Coast Guard permits.

#### NAVIGATION PROTECTION SYSTEMS

#### **Protection Systems**

### Fender Timbers

#### **Inspection Comments**

The watercourse is deemed navigable according to the U.S. Coast Guard; therefore, protection systems and navigation lights at or near the bridge are required. A timber cribbing pier protection system is in place at pier 9w. The protection system at pier 9w is in poor condition. The purpose of the system is to protect the bridge from impacts by vessels and also to identify the navigable channel. The protection system has the visual appearance of sinking, especially at the north end (upstream end). During the 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2017 underwater inspections, water levels have been higher than in older inspections. The high water levels contribute to the sinking appearance, however the extensive deterioration of the pier protection cribbing below water, and failed previous repairs are contributing to the settlement of the pier protection system. There are multiple areas within the timber cribbing system that exhibit section loss of 20%-75%. No pier protection systems are in place at piers 1w, 2w, 3w, 4w, 5w, 6w, 7w, 8w, 10w, and 11w.

Navigation lighting is installed at the structure from piers 8w to 10w as well as on southern and northern ends of the pier protection system at pier 9w. The navigation lighting was not operating at the time of underwater inspection due to power at the bridge being turned off for ongoing repair work.

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# MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STR 12006	UNDERWATER INSPECTION REPORT [SIA #92-B]					
Facility	Latitude / Longitude	MDOT Structure ID	Structure Condition	1		
GROSSE ILE PARKWAY	42.1273 / -83.173	82200010000B020	Poor Condition(4)			
Feature	Length / Width / Spans	Owner				
TRENTON CHANNEL	1,345.88 / 31.8 / 12	County: Wayne(82)				
Location	Built / Recon. / Paint / Ovly.	TSC	<b>Operational Status</b>			
GROSSE ILE	1932 / 2007 / 1978 /	Taylor(25)	P Posted for load(26NNNN)			
Region / County	Material / Design	Last NBI Inspection	Scour Evaluation			
Metro(7) / Wayne(82)	4 Steel Continuous / 17 Movable- Swing	11/23/2021 / 6SAN	4 Stable, needs action			

Weather Conditions on Day of Dive

Sunny.

#### **INSPECTION STAFF & EQUIPMENT**

Engineer	Casey Collings
Diver	Casey Collings
Tender	Matt Davis
Dive Equipment	Scuba
Nearest Boat Launch Site	

Marina in the northwest quadrant.

#### Safety Concerns

Active construction site (above water), strong current, recreational boat traffic.

# **INSPECTION DETAILS**

### Waterway and Bank Observations

The physical conditions associated with the flow of water through the bridge, such as stream stability and the condition of the channel and slope, were evaluated.

The west channel banks are natural with no slope protection in place. The east channel banks have stacked stone blocks in place to retain the approach slopes. Farther from the bridge, there is a boat launch in the northwest quadrant and a marina in the southeast quadrant. No erosion or significant debris was found at the bridge.

#### Substructure Observations (Above the waterline)

Summary: Several open spalls to exposed steel, open vertical cracks and delaminations in concrete portions of the piers above water. Several areas previously marked out and include bearing bolster areas. Contractor scaffolding is present at several piers preventing visual inspection of the upper portions. Several areas of spalls and delaminations were recently repaired or in the process of being repaired.

### Substructure Observations (Below the waterline)

Piers 1w, 3w, 5w, 7w, and 11w have a rocky channel bottom with some riprap along the bottom of the footings. The footing are exposed by design.

Piers 2w, 4w, 6w, 8w, 9w, 10w have newly placed grout bags placed at the bottom of stay in place forms utilized for the pier stabilization. Stay in place forms are already algae covered. Toe of stay in place forms was covered in grout and/or grout bags.

# Debris in Waterway

Recommendations

None noted.

Underwater Video Available?	Y
Underwater Video Description	Mask mounted video.
Underwater Video Location	GLEG Server
Stream Bed Profile Completed?	Y
Site Plan Completed?	Y
Photographs?	Y

# **RECOMMENDATIONS AND ACTION ITEMS**

#### Recommendation

Nav Protect Rpr

Priority	Comments
H	Replace or retrofit the pier protection system at the pivot Pier 9W, both north and south ends. Recommend destructive testing such as cores be taken for retrofit design.

# MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STR 12006	UNDERWATER INSPECTION REPORT [SIA #92-B]					
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Region / County	Material / Design	Last NBI Inspection	Scour Evaluation			
Metro(7) / Wayne(82)	4 Steel Continuous / 17 Movable- Swing	11/23/2021 / 6SAN	4 Stable, needs action			

# Recommendation

Other	
Priority	Comments
Н	Continue to Survey Pier Elevations monthly at 4 locations at each pier and monitor monthly by an licensed surveyor or engineer to check for settlement.







	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
OFRI	EINFO	RCING BARS.
SIZE	LENGTH.	REMARKS.
12.4	3'-0"	Vert. in Front Face of Toe.
12.4	24-6"	Hor. Long. In Front Face of loe.
<u>т</u> . ], Р	27'-0"	Hor
³ 4 ¢	10'-4"	Hor. Cross in Bottom of Toe.
¹ 2" <b>4</b>	4-6"	Hor. Dowels to Wing Wall.
12 ⁰	2.4.6	Hor. Long. in Bottom of Ioe.
129	15-0 5-0	Hor
12¢	<u>ع</u> و الا-م	Hor. " " "
¹ 2.4	13-0	Hor,
⁵ 8'4	16-0	Hor. Long. in Top of Key Beam.
784	<u>[6-0</u>	Hor Doll
15 A	17-0 9-0	Hor. cross in Bottom of Heel.
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<u>ి</u> 8థ 5నగ	9-0 7-0	Hor. $\cdots$ $\cdots$ top $\cdots$
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⁷ 84	18-ం	Hor Bentup from Bottom.
12.¢	12-0	Vert. in Front Face of Stem.
12 ¢	11-0	Vert. " " "
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27 120	11'-O'	Vert
¹ 2 [°] 4	.9.6	Vert
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78Φ	8-3	Diagonal-2
124	5-2"	Hor 6 " " "
120	7-8"	Hor 6
12¢	9-6	Hor 4 " " "
120	7-8"	Vert 4 " " " "
20	9-6	Vert 4 · · ·
1" 💠	9:0"	Vert. in all faces of Piers.
34" ¢	4.6"	Hor. in Down Stream Face of Piers.
1"\$	3-6	2Each in Nose of All Piers.
1 <u>4</u> 1"&	27-6	3 ······
1"\$	26'0"	
1°¢	5'.0'	18 • • • and Bottom, All Piers.
3 <u>4</u> °4	7'-3"	In Tops of Rest Piers Only.
3.1	8-3 4'-0"	
~4 9 2 ₄ *6	7-6	
1° 4	24.6"	3 Each in Bottom of All Piers.
{ [*] \$	23-0	4
⁹ 4 <del>4</del>	26-6	Hor. In side Faces of Piers,
	QU	ANTITIES.
ABUT	MENT	CU. YDS. POUNDS.
INFOR	CING S	31 in Found Mat. 5275 in Abutment. 3840 in Found Mat
YWALL	S AND R	IP BAP. 125.
ABUT	MENT.	
NCRE	TE.	31 in Bound.Mat. 5276 in Abatment
INFO	S AND D	DIEEL. 3840 into and Mat.
B Nos.	2,4 ap	d 6.
ONCRE	ETE.(3 P	iers) 132.7 Tremie. 137.5 Dry.
LINFO	RCING	STEEL 10105
PIERS	Nos. 8	and 10. Diame) 153.2 Tremie.
FINE	RCINC	STEEL 7380
تا ۱۳۲۲ و می		
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JOB" JOL-DK



See Field Book#136 & Field Data in General Folder BOARD OF WAYNE COUNTY ROAD COMMISSIONERS DETROIT, MICHIGAN. JOHN S. HAGGERTY, COMMISSIONER WILLIAM F. BUTLER, COMMISSIONER VAN HORN ROAD TRENTON CHANNEL BRIDGE GROSSE - ISLE BRIDGE - B1 OF 82-7-32 PROTECTION CRIB DRAWN BY G.J.P. CHECKED BY P.A.N. 11-23-3 SCALE 18"=1-0" - 27 Capt as shown Bridge Engineer Rog. Civ. JOB#382-B25



RIVER CHANNEL Existing Center 9' Steel Sheets _____EOutline New Work From El. 571.00 to El. 577.0±Z Existing Work Z Meter Room & Basz & (Conc. Blab) 23 24 _____ 25 Draw Span in open position Outline New Work from El. 570.0 to El. 577.0 X Outline of Draw Span (EI.571.0 Note: Existing Frames 23,24,25 and 26 cut down to El.570.0 and new frames built upon 4 new 12"x12" longitudinal 学校主要ない NOTES: -Material to be Fir to conform with Sections 214, 218 of Grading Rules of the West Coast Lumberman's Association. - Ends of Timbers, daps, cuts, bolt holes and all contact surfaces to receive a brush coat of not Carbolineum or other approved preservative.

contact surfa of not Carbo preservative

B	ILL OF TIM	1BER AS OR	DERED
ITEM	QUANTITY	SIZE	DESCRIPTION
1	30888 Bd.Ft.	12" × 12" × 22'	Fir Timber
2	4320 " "	12" × 12" × 24	H \$
3	2160 " "	12" × 12" × 30'	n ^e N -
4	31416 " "	12" × 12" × 34'	11 11
5	25056 " "	12" × 12" × 36'	18 19
G	17328 " "	12" × 12" × 38'	\$11 H
7	3840 " "	12" × 12" × 40'	11 H
8	8544 " "	3" × 12" × 16'	11 II
9	1500 " "	3" × 10" × 12'	te k
10	7200 " "	3″ × 10″ × 16′	ti H
11	800 " "	3" × 10" × 20'	pt 1f
12	" " 0000	6" × 10" × 10'	)t tt

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Rock Filled

STIMATED QUANTITIES ditional Rock Filling 487cu.yds (measured) ober 137,492 F.B.M.

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IARD N. HINES, CHAIRMAN WILLIAM F. BUTLER,

VAN HORN ROAD ENTON CHANNEL BRIDGE TO GROSSE ~ I SLE BRIDGE-BI OF 82-7-32

MODELING PROTECTION PIER

ED BY U: N. S. DRAWN BY W: XIS' CHECKED BY J.Y.C. E G-1- 1933 SCALE AS Noted Head RECT Bridge Engineer Reg. Civ. Eng. SHEET No.

Engineer Manager 19 JOB#382-B26




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Job 382-B53



WAYNE COUNTY DEPT. OF PUBLIC SERVICES CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR PROPOSED PIER REPAIRS OF **GROSSE ILE PARKWAY BRIDGE** 

> BRIDGE NO. 382, SN 12006 TRENTON AND GROSSE ISLE TWP., MI





## **INDEX OF DRAWINGS**

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S-02	PIER 4 REPAIRS		
S-03	PIER 6 REPAIRS		
S-04	PIER 8 REPAIRS		
S-05	PIER 9 REPAIRS		
S-06	PIER 10 REPAIRS		
S-07/10	PIER REPAIR DETAILS		



J.F. BRENNAN CO. INC. 818 BAINBRIDGE ST. LA CROSSE, WI 54603 608-784-7173 WWW.JFBRENNAN.COM

CIVIL ENGINEER:

524 E. LUDINGTON ST SUITE 202 ESCANABA, MI 49829 906-285-6500 WWW.COLLINSENGR.COM





4/16/2021

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### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. THE WORK COVERED BY THESE PLANS INCLUDES GROUTING THE VOIDS IN THE TIMBER CRIBS FOR PIERS #2, #4, #6, #8, #9 AND #10. THIS WORK WILL BE PERFORMED UNDER LIMITED HEADROOM
- 2. CONSTRUCTION LIVE LOADING ON THE BRIDGE SUPERSTRUCTURE IS NOT PERMITTED. ALL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED FROM THE WATER UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY WAYNE COUNTY.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY AND OVERALL STABILITY OF THE BRIDGE AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. VINYL FORMWORK SHALL BE INSTALLED ON PIERS #2, #4, #6 AND #10, STEEL FORMWORK SHALL BE INSTALLED ON PIERS #8 AND #9
- 5. FABRIC FORMED CONCRETE (HYDROTEX ARTICULATING BLOCK AB600) SHALL BE PLACED ON RIVERBED TO THE LIMITS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AT PIERS #2, #4, #6 AND #10.
- 6. FLOATING/SUSPENDED TURBIDITY CURTAINS OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS, SHALL BE INSTALLED AROUND THE FULL PERIMETER OF ALL PIERS DURING ALL REPAIR WORK.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE ALL ACTIVE UTILITIES PRIOR TO STARTING WORK AND SHALL CONDUCT HIS OPERATIONS IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO ENSURE THAT THOSE UTILITIES NOT REQUIRING RELOCATION WILL NOT BE DISTURBED. COORDINATE ANY UTILITIES REQUIRING RELOCATION WITH WAYNE COUNTY PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.
- 8. EXCEPT AS AMENDED BY THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS OR OTHERWISE INDICATED ON THE PLANS ALL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, 2012 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION.
- 9. PLAN ELEVATIONS REFER TO U.S.C.G. DATUM PER EXISTING PLANS FROM 1930 BRIDGE RECONSTRUCTION.
- 10. WATER LEVEL IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAKING A DETERMINATION OF WATER LEVELS DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 11. GROUTING OF TIMBER CRIBS AT PIERS #8, #9, AND #10 WILL REQUIRE COORDINATION WITH U.S. COAST GUARD VESSEL TRAFFIC SERVICES SARNIA. TO ENSURE WORK DOES NOT AFFECT PROPER OPERATION OF THE SWING SPAN AS REQUIRED BY THE FEDERAL CODE OF REGULATIONS. IT IS NOTED THAT THE SWING SPANS ARE CURRENTLY INOPERABLE.
- 12. THE COAST GUARD SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF WORK WITHIN THE NAVIGATION CHANNEL AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK. CONTACT:

MR. WILLIAM B. STANIFER CHIEF. BRIDGE BRANCH. NINTH COAST GUARD DISTRICT 216-902-6086 WILLIAM.B.STANIFER@USCG.MIL

MR. LEE D. SOULE 216-902-608 LEE.D.SOULE@USCG.MIL

13. SPAN 9 OF THE BRIDGE IS THE FEDERAL NAVIGATION CHANNEL. MEASUREMENTS OF THE NAVIGATION CLEARANCES IN SPANS 9 AND 10 WERE TAKEN BY SURVEYORS FROM JF BRENNAN COMPANY INC. ON MARH 24TH, 2021, THE WATER SURFACE ELEVATION ON THIS DATE WAS EL. 573.97 FT. NAVD88. THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED NAVIGATION CLEARANCES IN SPANS 9 AND 10 ARE PROVIDED IN THE TABLE BELOW.

NAVIGATION CLEARANCES							
SPAN	ELEV.	EXISTING NAVIGATION CLEAR		PROPOSE	ED NAVIGATI	ON CLEAR	
		U.S.	MID	D.S.	U.S.	MID	D.S.
0	571	148.7	148.4	147.8	148.5	148.2	147.6
9	560	146.7	146.7	146.6	146.5	146.5	146.4
10	571	144.0			143.3		
	560						

U.S. = UPSTREAM ON PIER

MID = MIDDLE ON PIER

D.S. = DOWNSTREAM ON PIER

- 14. THE FOLLOWING DESIGN CRITERIA/MATERIALS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED FOR THIS PROJECT:
- A. GROUT / CONCRETE MIX
- F'C= 3000 PSI AT 28 DAYS FOR GROUT
- W= 150 PCF MAXIMUM UNIT WEIGHT OF CONCRETE
- MAXIMUM CONCRETE/GROUT POUR HEIGHT IS 4 FEET •
- B. SHORE GUARD SYNTHETIC SHEET PILING FP-475 OR APPROVED EQUAL OR BETTER (PIERS 2, 4, 6 & 10)
- SECTION MODULUS (Z) = 20.5 IN³/FT.
- MOMENT OF INERTIA (I)= 45 IN⁴/ FT
- ALLOWABLE MOMENT (M)= 5,467 LB-FT / FT
- C. STEEL FORMWORK (PIERS 8 & 9)
- (RED BIRD ENGINEERING SALES) OR EQUAL
- 6" RIB- 16GA ALLOWABLE STRESS 20,000 PSI
- SECTION MODULUS (Z)= 0.390 IN³/FT.
- MOMENT OF INERTIA (I)= 0.350 IN⁴/ FT
- ALLOWABLE MOMENT (M)= 650 LB-FT / FT
- D. FORMWORK FABRIC
- FABRIFORM PJ400 OR FABRIFORM BALLISTIC OR APPROVED EQUAL
- E. HEX LAG SCREWS- ASME B18.2.1-1996
- F. HYDROTEX ARTICULATING BLOCK (AB600 OR EQUIVALENT)
- MATERIAL OR APPROVED EQUAL
- H. EPOXY BONDING COMPOUND PER MDOT SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONCRETE REPAIRS
- 15. ONCE ON SITE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLETE A SURVEY OF THE PROJECT SITE TO VERIFY THE EXISTING CONDITIONS. ANY CONDITIONS FOUND BY THE CONTRACTOR THAT WERE NOT ANTICIPATED ON THE CONTRACT PLANS AND THAT WILL AFFECT THE COST OR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFIED SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF WAYNE COUNTY AND THE ENGINEER.
- 16. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXERCISE CAUTION DURING ALL CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS TO PREVENT ANY DAMAGE TO ADJACENT STRUCTURES, AND UTILITIES, WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THIS PROJECT'S WORK ITEMS. STRUCTURES, UTILITIES, STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS, AND IMPROVEMENTS NOT WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THIS PROJECT THAT ARE DAMAGED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AT THE EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 17. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT PROTECTIVE MEASURES TO CAPTURE ALL EXCESS CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, REMOVAL ITEMS, WASTE, DEBRIS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, AND NOT ALLOW THEIR DISCHARGE INTO THE SURROUNDING LAND, WATER OR AIR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROPERLY DISPOSE OF THESE ITEMS ACCORDING TO THE REGULATIONS OF ALL GOVERNING AGENCIES.

G. PATCH REPAIR MATERIAL- FIVE STAR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE V/O PERMANENT REPAIR

<b>COLLINS</b> <b>ENGLINS</b> <b>ENGINEERS</b> 524 E. Ludington St., Ste. 202 Escanaba, MI 49829 906-285-6500 www.collinsengr.com
BREMAN
General Plan & Elevation Grosse Ile Parkway Bridge Pier Repairs Grosse Ile, MI
CEI PROJECT
DESIGNED BY: SJM
DRAWN BY: JCG
SJM
<b>DATE:</b> 4–16–21



- CHANNEL BOTTOM

# - REPAIR NOTE

- STREAMBED ELEVATION

- FP-475 VINYL

- STEEL PLATE

GROUT INFILL

CRIBBING STONE WITH **GROUT INFILL** 

PIER 2 STREAMBED ELEVATIONS					
LOCATION	CORNER	ELEVATION			
A	SW	557.8			
В	NW	559.3			
С	N	554.7			
D	NE	553.1			
E	SE	558.2			

NOTE: TABLE ELEVATIONS ARE ESTIMATED AND FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE

### **REPAIR NOTES:**

- 1. HYDROTEX ARTICULATING BLOCK (AB600) FABRIC FORMED CONCRETE PLACED ON RIVER BED AND USED TO SEAL AGAINST GROUT ESCAPE. EXTEND FABRIC FORMED CONCRETE 6'-0" OFF PIER IN ALL DIRECTIONS. PLACE HYDROTEX GROUT BAGS AT BASE OF PIER TO HOLD FORMWORK IN PLACE.
- 2. 3.
- 4
- FOOTING TO 5'-0" BELOW TOP OF FOOTING. SEE PIER DETAILS ON SHEET S-08. 5
- 6
- THE INTERIOR OF THE CRIBBING FROM THE STREAM BED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE FOOTING WITH **GROUT BACKFILL**
- DRILL 2" Ø HORIZONTAL CORE HOLES ON EACH SIDE OF THE PIER TO VERIFY GROUT INSTALLATION 7. WAS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS.
- 8 REPAIR CONCRETE SPALLING/DELAMINATIONS/ETC. ON PIER FOOTING/WALL SEE PIER DETAILS.
- FOR TYPICAL FORMWORK LIMITS, SEE PIER DETAILS ON SHEET S-07. 9.
- 10. INSTALL TURBIDITY CURTAIN AROUND PERIMETER OF PIER WORK AREA
- THE THICKNESS OF THE EXISTING PIER FOOTING IS ESTIMATED TO BE 4'-10". THE CONTRACTOR, 11. HOWEVER, SHALL VERIFY THE ACTUAL DIMENSIONS IN THE FIELD.
- SHALL VERIFY THE ACTUAL DIMENSIONS IN THE FIELD.
- 13. THE TABLE BELOW PROVIDES THE ESTIMATED STREAM BED ELEVATIONS AT THE PIER CORNERS BASED ON A HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY PERFORMED ON DECEMBER 2, 2020. THE WATERLINE ELEVATION WAS MEASURED AT 574.30 AT THE TIME OF THE SURVEY.
- 14. THE ESTIMATED GROUT VOLUME TO BE INSTALLED AT PIER 2 IS 92 CY. THE ACTUAL VOLUME WILL DEPEND ON THE CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED IN THE FIELD.



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COLLINS INSTALL STEEL REINFORCING PLATES AT ALL 4 CORNERS OF PIER. SEE PIER DETAILS ON SHEET S-08. FP-475 WEATHERABLE RIGID VINYL SYNTHETIC SHEETPILING USED AS STAY-IN-PLACE FORMWORK. PLACE LARGE STEEL 1/2" ICE BREAKER PLATE AND/OR OTHER ACCESSORIES EXTENDING FROM TOP OF PLACE SMALL STEEL 1/2" ICE BREAKER PLATE AT NOSE OF PIER. SEE PIER DETAILS ON SHEET S-08. FILL ANNULAR SPACE BETWEEN FORMWORK AND CRIBBING WITH GROUT BACKFILL. FILL THE VOIDS IN BRENNAN 12. THE WIDTH OF THE EXISTING PIER FOOTING IS ESTIMATED TO BE 9'-0". THE CONTRACTOR, HOWEVER,



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STREAMBED				
/ATIONS				
ORNER	ELEVATION			
NW	554.7			
NE	558.8			
SE	556.7			
SW	557.4			







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–(00) - Repair Note

1. FURNISH AASHTO M270 GRADE 36 STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR THE WALERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 906 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. 2. FURNISH TAPPED LAG BOLTS, COIL-LAGS, COIL BOLTS, THREADED RODS AND/OR OTHER SUITABLE ACCESSORIES AND RELATED HARDWARE TO ATTACH THE BRACING AND THE FORMWORK TO THE CRIBBING AT THE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE MAXIMUM SPACING OF WALER CONNECTIONS IS 4'0" ON CENTER HORIZONTALLY ALONG THE LENGTH OF

3. FOR PIERS 8 AND 9, THE MAXIMUM SPACING OF WALERS AND FORMWORK CONNECTIONS TO THE CRIBBING IS 2'0" ON CENTER VERTICALLY ALONG THE LENGTH OF THE PIER.

4. FOR PIERS 2, 4, 6 AND 10, THE MAXIMUM SPACING OF WALERS AND FORMWORK CONNECTIONS TO THE CRIBBING IS 4'-0" ON CENTER VERTICALLY ALONG THE LENGTH OF THE PIER.

5. CONFIRM THE SIZE AND SPECIES OF TIMBER CRIBBING TO WHICH CONNECTIONS ARE BEING MADE, TO ASSURE THE LAG WITHDRAWAL LOAD CAPACITY IS NOT BEING EXCEEDED. PROVIDE CONNECTIONS TO SUSTAIN A MAXIMUM SAFE WORKING LOAD OF 2100 LBS. AND A 2.0 FACTOR OF SAFETY

ALL FORMING ACCESSORIES AND RELATED HARDWARE MUST BE OF PROPER LENGTH, DIAMETER AND CAPACITY. DO NOT EXCEED THE SPACING SHOWN ON THE PLANS. IF A GREATER SAFETY FACTOR IS REQUIRED FOR ANY REASON, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REDUCE THE SAFE WORKING LOAD CAPACITY ACCORDINGLY.





- CONCRETE REMOVAL

## **REPAIR NOTES:**

CONCRETE REPAIRS ABOVE WATER SHALL NOT BE COMPLETED UNTIL AFTER BELOW WATER REPAIRS ARE COMPLETED.

REPAIR LOCATIONS SHOWN ARE ONLY EXAMPLE LOCATIONS. THE QUANTITIES SHOWN IN THE TABLE FOR TYPE A ARE ESTIMATED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IDENTIFY AND LOCATE THE ACTUAL LOCATIONS ON THE PIERS AND THE TYPE AND QUANTITIES OF REPAIRS TO BE CONSTRUCTED.

WHEN DEPTH OF DETERIORATED CONCRETE IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO ¾"

1. SQUARE OFF DETERIORATED CONCRETE TO SOUND CONCRETE WITH A SAWCUT OF ¾" MAXIMUM.

2. REMOVE ALL LOOSE AND DELAMINATED CONCRETE TO PROVIDE A SOUND BOND BETWEEN EXISTING CONCRETE AND PATCHING MATERIAL.

3. APPLY A RAPID HARDENING CONCRETE PATCHING MATERIAL. FIVE STAR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE WITHOUT VERTICAL LOVERHEAD PERMANENT REPAIR MATERIAL OR EQUAL.

WHEN DEPTH OF DETERIORATED CONCRETE IS GREATER THAN

1. SQUARE OFF DETERIORATED CONCRETE TO SOUND CONCRETE WITH A SAWCUT OF ¾" MINIMUM TO 1" MAXIMUM, BUT NOT TO THE DEPTH OF REINFORCEMENT STEEL. BACK BEVEL EDGE BEYOND SAWCUT.

2. USE HANDTOOLS TO REMOVE ALL LOOSE AND DELAMINATED CONCRETE TO PROVIDE A SOUND BOND BETWEEN EXISTING CONCRETE AND NEW CONCRETE.

3. IF DETERIORATED CONCRETE EXTENDS BEYOND THE PRIMARY REINFORCEMENT. REMOVE THE CONCRETE TO AT LEAST ¾" BEHIND THE REINFORCEMENT.

4. APPLY AN EPOXY BONDING COMPOUND BETWEEN THE EXISTING AND THE NEW CONCRETE.

5. CLEAN EXISTING REINFORCING BARS BY MECHANICAL MEANS.

6. APPLY A RAPID HARDENING CONCRETE PATCHING MATERIAL. FIVE STAR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE WITHOUT VERTICAL LOVERHEAD PERMANENT REPAIR MATERIAL OR EQUAL.

